Minimum Wage hourly rates effective 1/1/2024-12/31/2024


| Long Island and Westchester County |  | Remainder of New York State |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minimum Wage | $\$ 16$ | Minimum Wage |  |
| Overtime after 40 hours | \$24.00 | Overtime after 40 hours | \$22.50 |
| Tipped workers Overtime after 40 hours | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 16.00 \\ & \$ 24.00 \end{aligned}$ | Tipped workers Overtime after 40 hours | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 15.00 \\ & \$ 22.50 \end{aligned}$ |

If you have questions, need more information or want to file a complaint, please visit www.labor.ny.gov/minimumwage or call: 1-888-469-7365.

Credits and Allowances that may reduce
your pay below the minimum wage rates
shown above:

- Tips - Beginning December 31, 2020, your employer must pay the full applicable minimum wage rate, and cannot take any p credit.
Meals and lodging - Your employer may claim a limited amount of your wages for meals and lodging that they provide to you, as long as they do not charge you anything else. The rates and requirements are set forth in wage orders and

Extra Pay you may be owed in addition to the minimum wage rates shown above:

- Overtime - You must be paid $1 \frac{1}{2}$ times your regular rate of pay (no less than amounts shown above) for weekly hours over 40 (or 44 for residential employees).
Exceptions: Overtime is not required for salaried professionals, or for executives and administrative staff whose weekly salary is more than 75 times the minimum
wage rate.
- Call-in pay - If you go to work as scheduled and your employer sends you home early, you may be entitled to extra hours of pay at the minimum wage rate for that day.
- Spread of hours - If your workday lasts longer than ten hours, you may be entitled to extra daily pay. The daily rate is equal to one hour of pay at the minimum wage rate.
- Uniform maintenance - If you clean your own uniform, you may be entitled to additional weekly pay. The weekly rates
are available online.


## EMPLOYEE RIGHTS

UNDER THE FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT FEDERAL MINIMUM WAGE $\$ 7.25$

BECHINING JULY 24, 2009
The law requires employers to display this poster where employees can readily see it
OVERTIME PAY At least $1 \frac{1}{2}$ times the regular rate of pay for all hours worked over 40 in a workweek.
CHILD LABOR $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { An employee must be at least } 16 \text { years old to work in most non-farm jobs and at least } 18 \text { to work } \\ & \text { in non-farm jobs declared hazardous by the Secretary of Labor. Youths } 14 \text { and } 15 \text { years old may }\end{aligned}$ in non-arm jobs declared hazardous by the Secretary of Labor. Youths 14 and 15 years old may work outside school hours in various non-manutacturing, non-mining, non-hazardous jobs wi
certain work hours restrictions. Different rules apply in agricultural employment.

TIP CREDIT $\quad$ Employers of "tipped employees" who meet certain conditions may claim a partial wage cred of at least $\$ 2.13$ per hour if they claim a tip credit against their minimum wage obligation If an employee's tips combined with the employer's cash wage of at least $\$ 2.13$ per hour do not equal the minimum hourly wage, the employer must make up the difference.
PUMP AT WORK
The FLSA requires employers to provide reasonable break time for a nursing employee to express breast mik for their nursing child for one year after the child's birth each time the employee needs
to express breast milk. Employers must provide a place, other than a bathroom, that is shielded rom view and free from intrusion from coworkers and the public, which may be used by the employee to express breast milk.

ENFORCEMENT
The Department has authority to recover back wages and an equal amount in liquidated damages and/or recommend criminal proseccution. Employers may be assessed civilil money penalities for each wilful or repeated violation of the minimum wage or overtime pay provisions of the law Civil money penalties may also be assessed for violations of the FLSA's child labor provisions. the death or serious iniuny of any minor be assessed for each child labor violation that results in the violations arious determined to be willful or reyepeated. The law also prohibitits retaliating against or discharging workers who file a complaint or particicipate in any proceeding under the FLSA.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Certain occupations and establishments are exempt from the minimum wage, and/or overtim
pay provisions. Certain narrow exemptions also apoply to the pump at work requirements. pay provisions. Certain narrow exemptions also apply to the pump at work requirements. - Special provisions apply to workers in American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern
Mariana lslands, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

Some state laws provide greater employee protections; employers must comply with both. Some employers incorrectly classify workers as "independent contractor"" when they are
actually employees under the FLSA. It is important to know the difference between the two because employees (unless exempt) are entitled to the FLSA's minimum wage and overtime pay protections and correctly classified independent contractors are not.
Certain full-time students, student learners, apprentices, and workers with disabilities may be
paid less than the minimum wage under special certificates issued by the Department of Labor. UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
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